

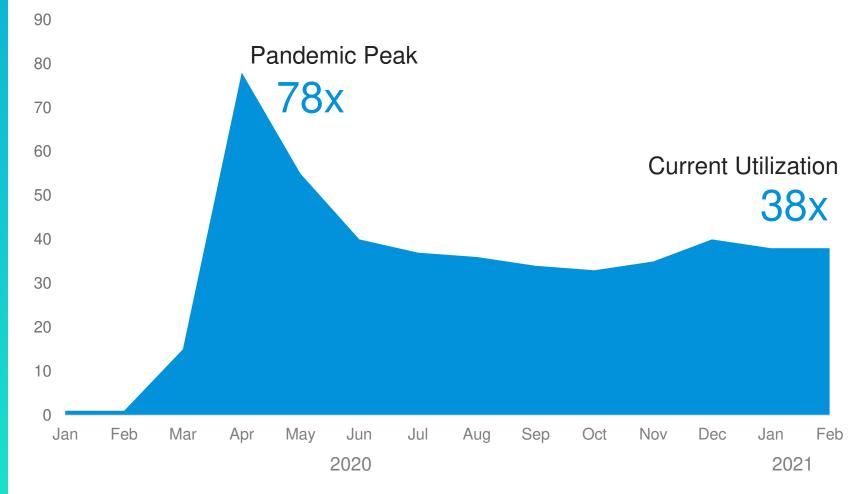
TELEHEALTH BOOMED DURING THE PANDEMIC AND HAS NOW STABILIZED

Telehealth is the use of electronic information and telecommunications technologies to support and promote long-distance clinical health care, patient and professional health-related education, public health and health administration

Chart Source: McKinsey, Telehealth: A quarter trillion- dollar post-COVID-19 reality, July 2021. Compile database; McKinsey Analysis. Includes all medical areas except emergency department, hospital inpatient, and physiatry inpatient claims; Telehealth Definition Source - Health Resources Services Administration

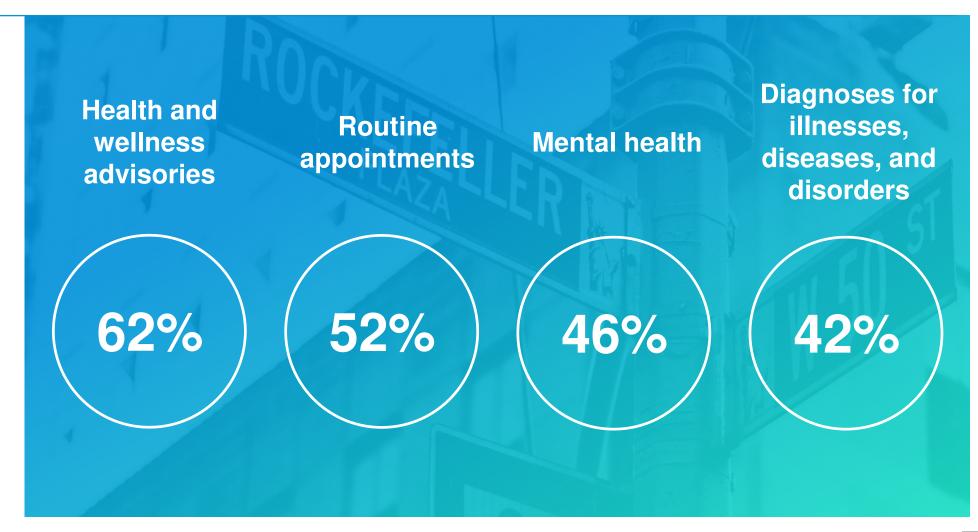
Telehealth Claim Volume vs. Pre-Covid Levels

(February 2020 = 1)



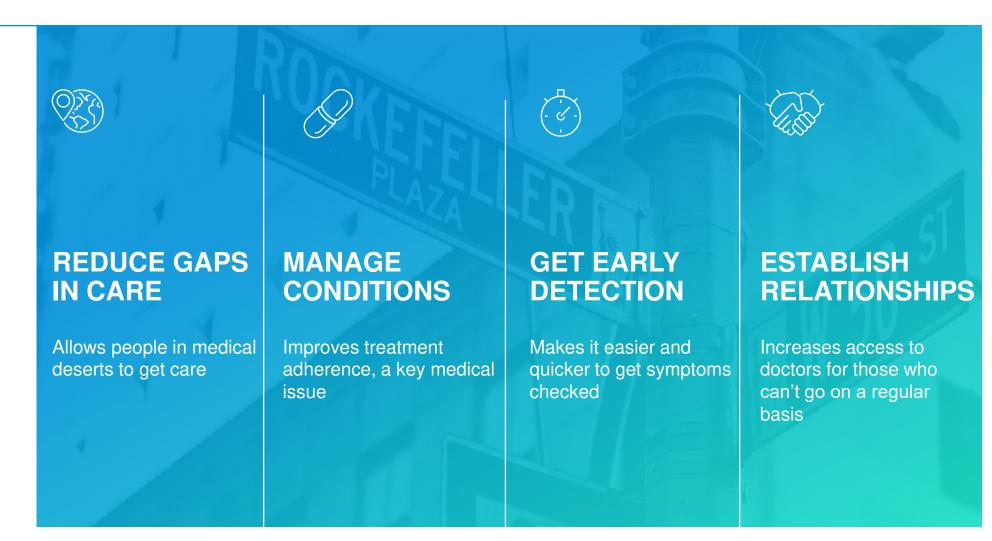
PEOPLE CONTINUE TO BE INTERESTED IN TELEHEALTH AS PART OF THEIR HEALTHCARE

Which of the following would you do virtually if given the choice?



Source: Re-Examining the Accenture 2020 Digital Health Consumer Survey -- Q: Which of the following would you do virtually if given the choice? "Definitely" and "Probably would do virtually" responses.

TELEHEALTH OFFERS KEY BENEFITS INCLUDING HELPING TO:



BUT THE PEOPLE WHO NEED CARE THE MOST, ARE GETTING CARE THE LEAST

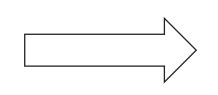
Lower income, older, and individuals from less populated areas are using telehealth services the least

Source: 1. Accenture - How can leaders make recent digital health gains last. Q = Have you received any kind of healthcare virtually?; 2. Trilliant Health 2021 trends shaping the post-pandemic health economy. Data via Trilliant Health national all-payer claims database.



HIGHER INCOME







People making under \$50K or \$50K-\$100K using Telehealth

People earning over \$100K using Telehealth

OLDER¹

8-10%





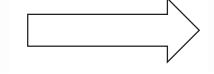
YOUNGER

Silent Generation and Baby Boomers using Telehealth

Millennials and Gen Z using Telehealth

LOW DENSITY

ND WY MS







HIGH DENSITY



OR

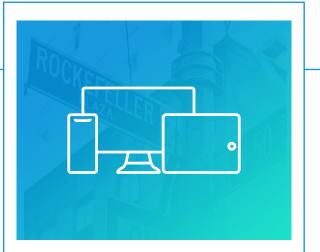
CA

MA

States with least Telehealth Growth

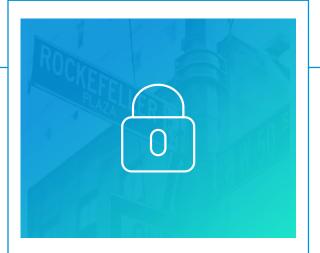
States with most Telehealth Growth

THERE ARE SPECIFIC CHALLENGES PREVENTING ADOPTION



Digital Divide

Older Americans and those in less populated areas have less broadband access and lower familiarity with digital technology. 1 27% of Households headed by someone 65+ do not have an internet subscription. 2



Privacy Concerns

People are concerned about how their data is used and secured. 35% of Americans are not confident that their health data is appropriately protected.³



Lack of Understanding

These groups don't have a great understanding of Telehealth capabilities and benefits. McKinsey cites a lack of awareness and education of which care needs could be met virtually as a top factor preventing use.⁴

COMMUNICATIONS CAN HELP OVERCOME THESE CHALLENGES



Normalize the use of Telehealth in creative

The majority of Pharma creative has not evolved to incorporate Telehealth as a normal part of the patient journey.

Address the holistic benefits of Telehealth and the barriers to adoption, demonstrating "how to use" and how privacy is protected.

Terry Bradshaw educating older people on pneumococcal pneumonia

Create targeted education campaigns

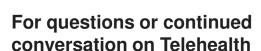
Telehealth is underused by lower income, older, and individuals potentially in medical care deserts.

Educate underserved audiences via targeted media and recognizable talent (e.g., local personalities, older Americans, etc.).

Recommendation

NBCU recommendations to address these issues

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APPENDIX

TELEHEALTH TOP DISEASE STATES BEHAVIORAL HEALTH WAS A KEY DRIVER OF TELEHEALTH DURING THE PEAK OF THE PANDEMIC

PROPORTION OF TELEHEALTH VISITS BY MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORY

